CHCOC Page 1 of 20

07/12/2011



## UNITED STATES OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT Washington, DC 20415

#### MEMORANDUM FOR CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

From:

John Berry Director

Subject: Competency Model for IT Program Management

In January 2011, the U.S. Office of Personnel Management initiated a Governmentwide study to identify critical competencies for Information Technology (IT) program management work. We have worked closely with the Chief Information Officers (CIO) Council and the Office of Management and Budget on this initiative. This study supports the White House's 25 Point Implementation Plan to Reform Federal Information Technology Management. The competencies identified through the study will be used to develop an IT program management career path. We included IT project managers in the competency study to assist with the career path effort.

Subject matter experts provided key insights, and employees and supervisors across the Government completed surveys to paint a comprehensive picture of IT program management work. We are pleased to provide the attached IT program management competency model to support your human resources initiatives. The competencies identified may be used in such agency efforts as workforce planning, training and development, performance management, recruitment, and selection. When used for selection, the competencies must be used in conjunction with the appropriate qualification standard. Results for both IT program and project managers are presented in the attached summary document.

Thank you for your continued support of this important project. If you have any questions regarding the competency model, please contact Andrea Bright, Manager of Classification and Assessment Policy at (202) 606-3600, or e-mail competency@opm.gov.

Attachment

cc: Human Resources Directors

#### **IT Program Management Competencies by Grade Level**

The following tables present the competencies that have been confirmed as appropriate for selection on a Governmentwide basis for **IT program management** work at the grades indicated.

CHCOC Page 2 of 20

Agencies are responsible for conducting job analyses for work responsibilities outside the IT program management function. Similarly, agencies must determine the applicability of these competencies to positions which do not perform the full range of IT program management work. Please refer to OPM's **Delegated Examining Operations Handbook** for more information on conducting a job analysis.

		General Competencies	
	Grade 13	Grade 14	Grade 15
•	Accountability •	Accountability •	Accountability
•	Attention to Detail •	Attention to Detail •	Attention to Detail
•	Computer Skills •	Computer Skills •	Computer Skills
•	Conflict Management •	Conflict Management •	Conflict Management
•	Creative Thinking •	Creative Thinking •	Creative Thinking
•	Customer Service •	Customer Service •	Customer Service
•	Decision Making •	Decision Making •	Decision Making
		Flexibility •	External Awareness
	Influencing/Negotiating •		Flexibility
	Integrity/Honesty •	Integrity/Honesty •	Influencing/Negotiating
		Interpersonal Skills •	Integrity/Honesty
•	Leadership •	Leadership •	Interpersonal Skills
•	Learning •		Leadership
•			Learning
•		Organizational •	Managing Human
	Awareness	Awareness	Resources
	Planning and Evaluating •		Oral Communication
		Planning and Evaluating •	1 0
	Reading Comprehension•		Partnering
		Problem Solving •	Planning and Evaluating
•	Self-Management •	Reading Comprehension•	Political Savvy
•		Reasoning •	Problem Solving
	Teaching Others •	Self-Management •	Reading Comprehension
•	Teamwork •	Strategic Thinking •	Reasoning
•	· •		Self-Management
•	Writing •	Teamwork •	Strategic Thinking
	•	II	Teaching Others
	•	Vision •	Teamwork
	•	Writing •	Technical Competence
		•	Vision
		•	Writing

## IT Program Management Competencies by Grade Level, Continued

	Technical Competenc	ies
Grade 13	Grade 14	Grade 15
•	Acquisition Strategy •	Acquisition Strategy

CHCOC Page 3 of 20

	la	llot M	ı	C : 1 P1 : 1
•	Change •	Change Management		Capital Planning and
	Management •	Configuration Management		Investment Assessment
•	Configuration •	Contracting/Procurement		Change Management
	Management •	Cost-Benefit Analysis		Compliance
•	Cost-Benefit •	Financial Management		Configuration Management
	Analysis •	Information Assurance		Contracting/Procurement
	Data Management •	Information Technology	•	Cost-Benefit Analysis
•	Information	Program Management	•	Data Management
	Assurance •	Project Management	•	Enterprise Architecture
•	Information •	Quality Assurance	•	Financial Management
	Management •	Requirements Analysis	•	Information Assurance
•	Information •	Risk Management	•	Information Management
	Resources Strategy•	Stakeholder Management	•	Information Resources
	and Planning •	Systems Life Cycle		Strategy and Planning
•	Project •	Technology Awareness	•	Information Systems Security
	Management			Certification
•	Quality Assurance		•	Information Technology
	Requirements			Architecture
	Analysis		•	Information Technology
•	Risk Management			Program Management
	Systems Life Cycle		•	Project Management
•	Systems Testing		•	Quality Assurance
	and Evaluation			Requirements Analysis
•	Technology			Risk Management
	Awareness		•	Stakeholder Management
				Systems Engineering
				Systems Life Cycle
				Systems Testing and
				Evaluation
			•	Technology Awareness

## IT Project Management Competencies by Grade Level

The following tables present the competencies that have been confirmed as appropriate for selection on a Governmentwide basis for **IT project management** work at the grades indicated. Agencies are responsible for conducting job analyses for work responsibilities outside the IT project management function. Similarly, agencies must determine the applicability of these competencies to positions which do not perform the full range of IT project management work. Please refer to OPM's **Delegated Examining Operations Handbook** for more information on conducting a job analysis.

	General Competencies				
	Grade 13	Grade 14		Grade 15	
- 1		Accountability	- 11	Accountability	
		Attention to Detail Computer Skills		Attention to Detail Computer Skills	

CHCOC Page 4 of 20

_	Cractive Thinking	Conflict Management		Conflict Management
		Conflict Management		Conflict Management
•		• Creative Thinking		Creative Thinking
•	Decision Making	Customer Service		Customer Service
	Flexibility	Decision Making		Decision Making
	Influencing/Negotiating	• Flexibility	•	External Awareness
•	Integrity/Honesty	<ul> <li>Influencing/Negotiatin</li> </ul>	g•	Flexibility
	Interpersonal Skills	• Integrity/Honesty		Influencing/Negotiating
•	Leadership	Interpersonal Skills	•	Integrity/Honesty
•	Learning	• Leadership	•	Interpersonal Skills
		• Learning	•	Leadership
•	Planning and Evaluating	• Oral Communication	•	Learning
	Problem Solving	Partnering		Managing Human Resources
•	Reading Comprehension	Planning and Evaluatin	ng•	Oral Communication
•	Reasoning	• Political Savvy	•	Organizational Awareness
•	Self-Management	Problem Solving	•	Partnering
•	Strategic Thinking	Reading Comprehension	on	Planning and Evaluating
•	• Teamwork • Reasoning		•	Political Savvy
•	Technical Competence	•   Self-Management	•	Problem Solving
•	Writing	Strategic Thinking	•	Reading Comprehension
		• Teaching Others	•	Reasoning
		• Teamwork	•	Self-Management
		• Technical Competence	•	Strategic Thinking
		• Vision		Teaching Others
		• Writing	•	Teamwork
			•	Technical Competence
				Vision
			•	Writing
	<u> </u>			

## IT Project Management Competencies by Grade Level, Continued

	Technical Competencies		
Grade 13	Grade 14		Grade 15
• Configuration •	Acquisition Strategy	•	Acquisition Strategy
Management •	Change Management	•	Business Process
• Information •	Configuration Management		Reengineering
Management •	Contracting/Procurement	•	Capital Planning and
• Project •	Cost-Benefit Analysis		Investment Assessment
Management •	Financial Management	•	Change Management
• Requirements •	Information Assurance	•	Compliance
Analysis •	Information Technology	•	Configuration Management
• Risk Management	Program Management	•	Contracting/Procurement
• Systems Life •	Project Management	•	Cost-Benefit Analysis
Cycle •	Quality Assurance	•	Data Management
• Systems Testing •	Requirements Analysis	•	Enterprise Architecture
and Evaluation •	Risk Management	•	Financial Management
•	Stakeholder Management	•	Information Assurance

CHCOC Page 5 of 20

•	Technology •	Systems Life Cycle •	Information Management	
	Awareness •	Technology Awareness •	Information Resources	
			Strategy and Planning	
		•	Information Systems Security	
			Certification	
		•	Information Systems/Network	
			Security	
		•	Information Technology	
			Architecture	
		•	Information Technology	
			Program Management	
		•	Product Evaluation	
		•	Quality Assurance	
		II .	11 *	
		•	Risk Management	
		II .	<ul> <li>Quality Assurance</li> <li>Requirements Analysis</li> <li>Risk Management</li> <li>Stakeholder Management</li> </ul>	
		II .	Systems Engineering	
		III	Systems Life Cycle	
		•	Systems Testing and	
			Evaluation	
		•	Technology Awareness	

## IT Program Management Competency Model Competency Importance Rankings

The table below presents the rank order of the top 25 competencies on current importance, based on supervisor and employee ratings, along with the corresponding rank order of the competencies on future importance (in three years), based on employee ratings.

Competencies	Current Importance	Future Importance
Integrity/Honesty	1	1
Decision Making	2	3
Interpersonal Skills	3	4
Teamwork	4	6
Accountability	5	7
Self-Management	6	11
Project Management	7	5
Leadership	8	2
Customer Service	9	8
Problem Solving	10	10
Oral Communication	11	13

CHCOC Page 6 of 20

Attention to Detail	12	19
Reasoning	13	17
Planning and Evaluating	14	22
Writing	15	25
Information Technology Program Management	16	9
Strategic Thinking	17	12
Flexibility	18	15
Stakeholder Management	19	14
Creative Thinking	20	16
Learning	21	27
Reading Comprehension	22	28
Requirements Analysis	23	24
Influencing/Negotiating	24	21
Risk Management	25	18

## IT Project Management Competency Model Competency Importance Rankings

The table below presents the rank order of the top 25 competencies on current importance, based on supervisor and employee ratings, along with the rank order of the competencies on future importance (in three years), based on employee ratings

Competencies	Current Importance	Future Importance
Integrity/Honesty	1	1
Decision Making	2	3
Interpersonal Skills	3	5
Teamwork	4	6
Self-Management	5	8
Project Management	6	4
Accountability	7	7
Customer Service	8	10
Leadership	9	2
Problem Solving	10	9
Attention to Detail	11	12
Oral Communication	12	11
Reasoning	13	16

CHCOC Page 7 of 20

Planning and Evaluating	14	17
Writing	15	24
Requirements Analysis	16	23
Reading Comprehension	17	26
Strategic Thinking	18	14
Flexibility	19	15
Creative Thinking	20	19
Learning	21	25
Stakeholder Management	22	13
Information Technology Program Management	23	21
Influencing/Negotiating	24	18
Risk Management	25	22

# IT Program Management Competency Model Proficiency Level Guidance

The following table presents the proficiency levels associated with each general and technical competency for each grade level. The definitions of these proficiency levels can be found later in this document. Please note that general and technical competencies have different proficiency level definitions. These proficiency levels are based on Governmentwide data and are therefore provided as guidance **only** for training and development. Required proficiency levels may vary based on an agency's specific needs and position requirements.

	(	Grade Le	vels		
General Competencies	13	14	15		
	Pro	<b>Proficiency Levels</b>			
Accountability	4	4	4		
Attention to Detail	4	4	4		
Computer Skills	4	4	3		
Conflict Management	3	4	3		
Creative Thinking	3	4	4		
Customer Service	4	4	4		
Decision Making	4	4	4		
External Awareness	3*	3*	3		
Flexibility	4	4	4		
Influencing/Negotiating	4	4	4		
Integrity/Honesty	4	5	5		

CHCOC Page 8 of 20

Interpersonal Skills	4	4	4
Leadership	4	4	4
Learning	3	4	4
Legal, Government, and Jurisprudence	2*	3*	3*
Managing Human Resources	2*	3*	3
Oral Communication	3	4	4
Organizational Awareness	3	3	4
Partnering	3*	3	4
Planning and Evaluating	3	4	4
Political Savvy	3*	3	3
Problem Solving	4	4	4
Reading Comprehension	4	4	4
Reasoning	3	4	4
Self-Management	4	4	4
Strategic Thinking	3	3	4
Teaching Others	3	3	4
Teamwork	4	4	4
Technical Competence	3	4	4
Vision	3*	3	4
Writing	3	4	4

## IT Program Management Proficiency Level Guidance, Continued

	<b>Grade Levels</b>			
<b>Technical Competencies</b>	13	14	15	
	Prof	ficiency	Levels	
Accessibility	2*	2*	2*	
Acquisition Strategy	3*	3	4	
Business Process Reengineering	3*	3*	3*	
Capital Planning and Investment Assessment	3*	3*	3	
Change Management	3	3	3	
Compliance	3*	3*	3	
Configuration Management	3	3	4	
Contracting/Procurement	3*	3	3	
Cost-Benefit Analysis	3	3	3	
Data Management	3	3*	3	
Enterprise Architecture	2*	3*	3	

CHCOC Page 9 of 20

Financial Analysis	2*	3*	3*
Financial Management	2*	3	3
Information Assurance	3	3	3
Information Management	4	3*	3
Information Resources Strategy and Planning	3	3*	3
Information Systems Security Certification	3*	3*	3
Information Systems/Network Security	3*	2*	3*
Information Technology Architecture	3*	3*	3
Information Technology Performance Assessment	3*	3*	3*
Information Technology Program Management	3*	3	4
Infrastructure Design	3*	2*	3*
Operations Support	3*	3*	3*
Product Evaluation	3*	3*	3*
Project Management	4	4	4
Quality Assurance	3	3	3
Requirements Analysis	3	4	4
Risk Management	3	4	4
Stakeholder Management	3*	4	4
Systems Engineering	3*	3*	3
Systems Life Cycle	3	3	3
Systems Testing and Evaluation	3	3*	3
Technology Awareness	4	3	3

Note: Ratings noted with an asterisk (\*) indicate that the competency fell below the cutoff on importance and required at entry.

## IT Project Management Competency Model Proficiency Level Guidance

The following table presents the proficiency levels associated with each general and technical competency for each grade level. The definitions of these proficiency levels can be found later in this document. Please note that general and technical competencies have different proficiency level definitions. These proficiency levels are based on Governmentwide data and are therefore provided as guidance **only** for training and development. Required proficiency levels may vary based on an agency's specific needs and position requirements.

	G	rade Lev	els
General Competencies	13	14	15
	Prof	iciency L	evels
Ir————————————————————————————————————			

CHCOC Page 10 of 20

Accountability	4	4	4
Attention to Detail	4	4	4
Computer Skills	4	4	3
Conflict Management	3*	4	3
Creative Thinking	3	3	3
Customer Service	4	4	4
Decision Making	4	4	4
External Awareness	3*	3*	3
Flexibility	4	4	3
Influencing/Negotiating	3	4	4
Integrity/Honesty	4	4	4
Interpersonal Skills	4	4	4
Leadership	3	4	4
Learning	3	4	4
Legal, Government, and Jurisprudence	2*	3*	3*
Managing Human Resources	2*	3*	3
Oral Communication	3	4	4
Organizational Awareness	3*	3*	4
Partnering	3*	3	4
Planning and Evaluating	3	4	4
Political Savvy	2*	3	3
Problem Solving	4	4	4
Reading Comprehension	4	4	4
Reasoning	3	4	4
Self-Management	4	4	4
Strategic Thinking	3	3	4
Teaching Others	3*	3	4
Teamwork	3	4	4
Technical Competence	3	3	4
Vision	3*	3	4
Writing	3	4	4

## IT Project Management Proficiency Level Guidance, Continued

Technical Competencies	Grade Levels		
	13	14	15

CHCOC Page 11 of 20

	Pro	oficiency	y Levels
Accessibility	2*	2*	2*
Acquisition Strategy	3*	3	4
Business Process Reengineering	3*	3*	3
Capital Planning and Investment Assessment	3*	3*	3
Change Management	3*	3	4
Compliance	3*	3*	3
Configuration Management	4	3	4
Contracting/Procurement	3*	3	3
Cost-Benefit Analysis	3*	3	3
Data Management	3*	3*	3
Enterprise Architecture	2*	3*	3
Financial Analysis	3*	3*	3*
Financial Management	3*	3	3
Information Assurance	3*	3	3
Information Management	4	3*	3
Information Resources Strategy and Planning	3*	3*	3
Information Systems Security Certification	3*	3*	3
Information Systems/Network Security	3*	3*	3*
Information Technology Architecture	3*	3*	3
Information Technology Performance Assessment	3*	3*	3*
Information Technology Program Management	3*	4	4
Infrastructure Design	3*	2*	3*
Operations Support	3*	3*	3*
Product Evaluation	3*	3*	3
Project Management	4	4	4
Quality Assurance	3*	3	3
Requirements Analysis	3	4	4
Risk Management	3	4	4
Stakeholder Management	3*	4	4
Systems Engineering	3*	3*	3
Systems Life Cycle	3	3	3
Systems Testing and Evaluation	3	3*	3
Technology Awareness	4	3	3

Note: Ratings noted with an asterisk (\*) indicate that the competency fell below the cutoff on importance and required at entry.

CHCOC Page 12 of 20

Proficiency Level Scale Definitions				
Proficiency Levels	General Competencies	Technical Competencies		
5 = Expert	Applies the competency in exceptionally difficult situations.  Serves as a key resource and advises others.	Applies the competency in exceptionally difficult situations. Serves as a key resource and advises others.  Demonstrates comprehensive, expert understanding of concepts and processes.		
4 = Advanced	Applies the competency in considerably difficult situations. Generally requires little or no guidance.	Applies the competency in considerably difficult situations. Generally requires little or no guidance. Demonstrates broad understanding of concepts and processes.		
3 = Intermediate	difficult situations.	Applies the competency in difficult situations. Requires occasional guidance. Demonstrates understanding of concepts and processes.		
2 = Basic •	Applies the competency in somewhat difficult situations. Requires frequent guidance.	Applies the competency in somewhat difficult situations. Requires frequent guidance. Demonstrates familiarity with concepts and processes.		
1 = Awareness •	Applies the competency in the simplest situations.  Requires close and extensive guidance.	Applies the competency in the simplest situations. Requires close and extensive guidance. Demonstrates awareness of concepts and processes.		

### IT Program Management Competency Model General Competencies

Accountability - Holds self and Attention to Detail - Is thorough when others accountable for performing work and conscientious about measurable high-quality, timely, attending to detail. and cost-effective results.

Determines objectives, sets

CHCOC Page 13 of 20

priorities, and delegates work. Accepts responsibility for mistakes. Complies with established control systems and rules.

Computer Skills - Uses computers, software applications, databases, and automated systems to accomplish work.

Conflict Management - Manages and resolves conflicts, grievances, confrontations, or disagreements in a constructive manner to minimize negative personal impact.

Creative Thinking - Uses imagination to develop new insights into situations and applies innovative solutions to problems; designs new methods where established methods and procedures are inapplicable or are unavailable.

Customer Service - Works with clients and customers (that is, any individuals who use or receive the services or products that your work unit produces, including the general public, individuals who work in the agency, other agencies, or organizations outside the Government) to assess their needs, provide information or assistance, resolve their problems, or satisfy their expectations; knows about available products and services; is committed to providing quality products and services.

**Decision Making** - Makes sound, well-informed, and objective decisions; perceives the impact and implications of decisions; commits to action, even in uncertain situations, to accomplish organizational goals; causes change.

**External Awareness** - Identifies and understands economic, political, and social trends that affect the organization.

Flexibility - Is open to change and new information; adapts behavior or work methods in response to new information, changing conditions, or unexpected obstacles; effectively deals with ambiguity. **Influencing/Negotiating** - Persuades others to accept recommendations, cooperate, or change their behavior; works with others towards an agreement; negotiates to find mutually acceptable solutions.

**CHCOC** Page 14 of 20

#### Integrity/Honesty -

Contributes to maintaining the integrity of the organization; displays high standards of the impact of violating these standards on an organization, self, and others; is trustworthy

**Interpersonal Skills - Shows** 

understanding, friendliness, courtesy, tact, empathy, concern, and politeness to others; develops and maintains effective ethical conduct and understands relationships with others; may include effectively dealing with individuals who are difficult, hostile, or distressed; relates well to people from varied backgrounds and different situations; is sensitive to cultural diversity, race, gender, disabilities, and other individual differences.

**Leadership** - Influences, motivates, and challenges others; adapts leadership styles to a variety of situations.

**Learning** - Uses efficient learning techniques to acquire and apply new knowledge and skills; uses training, feedback, or other opportunities for selflearning and development.

Legal, Government and **Jurisprudence** - Knowledge of laws, legal codes, court procedures, precedents, legal practices and documents, Government regulations, Executive orders, agency rules, Government organization and functions, and the democratic political process.

Managing Human Resources - Plans, distributes, coordinates, and monitors work assignments of others; evaluates work performance and provides feedback to others on their performance; ensures that staff are appropriately selected, utilized, and developed, and that they are treated in a fair and equitable manner.

#### **Oral Communication -**

Expresses information (for example, ideas or facts) to individuals or groups effectively, taking into account the audience and nature of the information (for example, technical, sensitive, controversial); makes clear and convincing oral presentations; listens to others, attends to nonverbal cues, and responds appropriately.

Organizational Awareness - Knows the organization's mission and functions, and how its social, political, and technological systems work and operates effectively within them; this includes the programs, policies, procedures, rules, and regulations of the organization.

**Partnering** - Develops networks and builds alliances; **Planning and Evaluating - Organizes** work, sets priorities, and determines

**CHCOC** Page 15 of 20

collaborates across boundaries to build strategic relationships and achieve common goals.

resource requirements; determines short- or long-term goals and strategies to achieve them; coordinates with other organizations or parts of the organization to accomplish goals; monitors progress and evaluates outcomes

Political Savvy - Identifies the internal and external politics that impact the work of the organization. Perceives organizational and political reality and acts accordingly.

**Problem Solving -** Identifies problems; determines accuracy and relevance of information; uses sound judgment to generate and evaluate alternatives, and to make recommendations.

Reading Comprehension -Understands and interprets written material, including technical material, rules, regulations, instructions, reports, charts, graphs, or tables; applies what is learned from written material to specific situations.

Reasoning - Identifies rules, principles, or relationships that explain facts, data, or other information; analyzes information and makes correct inferences or draws accurate conclusions

Self-Management - Sets welldefined and realistic personal goals; displays a high level of initiative, effort, and commitment towards completing assignments in a timely manner; works with minimal supervision; is motivated to achieve; demonstrates responsible behavior.

Strategic Thinking - Formulates effective strategies consistent with the business and competitive strategy of the organization in a global economy. Examines policy issues and strategic planning with a long-term perspective. Determines objectives and sets priorities; anticipates potential threats or opportunities.

**Teaching Others** - Helps others **Teamwork** - Encourages and facilitates methods; identifies training needs; provides constructive feedback; coaches others on how to perform tasks; acts as a mentor.

learn through formal or informal cooperation, pride, trust, and group identity; fosters commitment and team spirit; works with others to achieve goals.

**CHCOC** Page 16 of 20

**Technical Competence - Uses** knowledge that is acquired through formal training or to perform one's job; works with, understands, and evaluates move toward the vision. technical information related to the job: advises others on technical issues.

**Vision** - Understands where the organization is headed and how to make a contribution; takes a long-term view and extensive on-the-job experience recognizes opportunities to help the organization accomplish its objectives or

Writing - Recognizes or uses correct English grammar, punctuation, and spelling; communicates information (for example, facts, ideas, or messages) in a succinct and organized manner; produces written information, which may include technical material, that is appropriate for the intended audience.

#### IT Program Management Competency Model **Technical Competencies**

Accessibility - Knowledge of tools, Acquisition Strategy - Knowledge of equipment, and technologies used to the principles and methods for computer equipment and software.

help individuals with disabilities use developing an integrated acquisition management plan that describes the business, technical, and support strategies, including the relationship between the acquisition phases, work efforts, and key program events (for example, decision points, contract awards, test activities).

**Business Process Reengineering -**Knowledge of methods, metrics, tools, and techniques of Business Process Reengineering.

**Capital Planning and Investment Assessment** - Knowledge of the principles and methods of capital investment analysis or business case analysis, including return on investment analysis.

**CHCOC** Page 17 of 20

Change Management - Knowledge Compliance - Knowledge of of change management principles strategies, and techniques required for effectively planning, implementing, and evaluating change in the organization.

procedures for assessing, evaluating, and monitoring programs or projects for compliance with Federal laws, regulations, and guidance.

#### Configuration Management -

Knowledge of the principles and methods for planning or managing the implementation, update, or integration of information systems components

#### **Contracting/Procurement -**

Knowledge of various types of contracts, techniques for contracting or procurement, and contract negotiation and administration.

-benefit analysis, including the time management, such as modeling value of money, present value concepts, and quantifying tangible and intangible benefits.

Cost-Benefit Analysis - Knowledge Data Management - Knowledge of the of the principles and methods of cost principles, procedures, and tools of data techniques, data backup, data recovery, data dictionaries, data warehousing, data mining, data disposal, and data standardization processes.

#### **Enterprise Architecture -**

Knowledge of principles, concepts, and methods of enterprise architecture to align information technology (IT) strategy, plans, and systems with the mission, goals, structure, and processes of the organization.

Financial Analysis - Knowledge of the principles, methods, and techniques of financial analysis, forecasting, and modeling to interpret quantitative and qualitative data; includes data modeling, earned value management, and evaluating key financial indicators, trends, and historical data.

**Financial Management - Prepares**, justifies, and/or administers the budget for program areas; plans, administers, and monitors expenditures to ensure cost-effective authentication, confidentiality, and support of programs and policies; assesses financial condition of an organization.

**Information Assurance** - Knowledge of methods and procedures to protect information systems and data by ensuring their availability, integrity.

## **Information Management -**Identifies a need for and knows

**Information Resources Strategy and** Planning - Knowledge of the where or how to gather information; principles, methods, and techniques of

**CHCOC** Page 18 of 20

organizes and maintains information information technology (IT) or information management systems.

assessment, planning, management, monitoring, and evaluation, such as IT baseline assessment, interagency functional analysis, contingency planning, and disaster recovery.

**Information Systems Security** Certification - Knowledge of the principles, methods, and tools for evaluating information systems security features against a set of specified security requirements. Includes developing certification and accreditation plans and procedures, documenting deficiencies, reporting corrective actions, and recommending changes to improve the security of information systems.

**Information Systems/Network Security** - Knowledge of methods, tools, and procedures, including development of information security plans, to prevent information systems vulnerabilities, and provide or restore security of information systems and network services

**Information Technology Architecture** - Knowledge of architectural methodologies used in the design and development of information systems, including the physical structure of a system's internal operations and interactions with other systems.

**Information Technology Performance Assessment - Knowledge** of the principles, methods, and tools (for example, surveys, system performance measures) to assess the effectiveness and practicality of information technology systems.

Management - Knowledge of the principles, methods, and tools for the coordinated management of an IT program to include providing oversight of multiple IT projects, integrating dependent schedules and deliverables, and related activities (for example, benefits management, life cycle management, program governance).

**Information Technology Program Infrastructure Design - Knowledge of** the architecture and typology of software, hardware, and networks, including LANS, WANS, and telecommunications systems, their components and associated protocols and standards, and how they operate and integrate with one another and with associated controlling software.

**Operations Support** - Knowledge of procedures to ensure production

**Product Evaluation - Knowledge of** methods for researching and analyzing or delivery of products and services, external products to determine their

**CHCOC** Page 19 of 20

distributing new or enhanced software.

including tools and mechanisms for potential for meeting organizational standards and business needs.

of the principles, methods, or tools for developing, scheduling, coordinating, and managing projects ensure a product fulfills functional and resources, including monitoring requirements and standards. and inspecting costs, work, and contractor performance.

**Project Management - Knowledge Quality Assurance - Knowledge of the** principles, methods, and tools of quality assurance and quality control used to

#### Requirements Analysis -

Knowledge of the principles and methods to identify, analyze, specify, design, and manage functional and infrastructure requirements; includes translating functional equirements into technical requirements used for logical design or presenting alternative technologies or approaches.

Risk Management - Knowledge of methods and tools used for risk assessment and mitigation, including assessment of failures and their consequences.

#### Stakeholder Management -

Knowledge of the concepts, practices, and techniques used to identify, engage, influence, and monitor relationships with individuals and groups connected to a work effort; including those actively involved, those who exert influence over the process and its results, and those who have a vested interest in the outcome (positive or negative).

**Systems Engineering - Knowledge of** the practice of integrating multiple disciplines into a team as part of a structured development process throughout a system's life cycle.

Systems Life Cycle - Knowledge of Systems Testing and Evaluation systems life cycle management concepts used to plan, develop, implement, operate, and maintain information systems.

Knowledge of principles, methods, and tools for analyzing and developing systems testing and evaluation procedures and technical characteristics of IT systems, including identifying critical operational issues.

CHCOC Page 20 of 20

### **Technology Awareness -**

Knowledge of developments and new applications of information technology (hardware, software, telecommunications), emerging technologies and their applications to business processes, and applications and implementation of information systems to meet organizational requirements.